2021 Financial Report

THE CORPORATION OF THE COUNTY OF RENFREW

2021 FINANCIAL REPORT

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Department of Corporate Services



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MANAGEMENT REPORT

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying consolidated financial statements for The Corporation of the County of Renfrew are the responsibility of the County's management and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

A summary of the significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

The Corporation of the County of Renfrew's management maintains a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the consolidated financial statements. These systems are monitored and evaluated by management.

The Finance & Administration Committee meets with management and the external auditors to review the consolidated financial statements and discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by Scott Rosien Black & Locke, independent external auditors appointed by The Corporation of the County of Renfrew. The accompanying Auditors' Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on The Corporation of the County of Renfrew's consolidated financial statements.

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Paul Moreau Chief Administrative Officer June 29, 2022

Jeffrey Foss, CPA, CMA, CMO Director of Finance/Treasurer June 29, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the County of Renfrew

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of the County of Renfrew (the Corporation), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated surplus, change in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Corporation of the County of Renfrew as at December 31, 2021, and the results of its operations, change in net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of The Corporation of the County of Renfrew in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Corporation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Corporation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Corporation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Scott Rosien Black + Locke

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Pembroke, Ontario June 29, 2022

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2021, with comparative figures for 2020

		2021		2020
Financial Assets				
Cash	\$	71,501,241	\$	62,609,752
Investments (note 4)		7,371,394		8,375,898
Accounts receivable		4 070 475		046.070
Federal Government Municipalities		1,078,475 283,243		946,278
Other		805,228		1,492,781
		81,039,581		73,424,709
Financial Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		17,961,404		18,825,068
Temporary construction loan (note 5)		-		4,684,900
Deferred revenue – obligatory reserve fund (note 6)		4,642,157		1,873,577
Deferred revenue		301,512		221,222
Long-term liabilities (note 7)		13,483,799		10,519,791
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities Post-employment benefits (note 8)		91,046 12,008,567		102,517 7,418,646
		48,488,485		43,645,721
Net Financial Assets	\$	32,551,096	\$	29,778,988
Non-Financial Assets				
Tangible capital assets - net (note 9)	¢	214,532,484	¢	210,219,128
Tangible capital assets - construction in progress (note 9)	Ψ	85,972,772	Ψ	83,457,809
Inventory		740,594		677,026
Prepaid expenses		422,048		349,104
		301,667,898		294,703,067
Accumulated Surplus (note 10)	\$	334,218,994	\$	324,482,055

Commitments (note 11) Contingencies (note 12)

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative figures for 2020

Social housing	15,564,324	16,033,163	15,789,023
Health services	23,993,987	29,201,352	24,023,177
•			
General government	8,712,155	7,953,414	8.070.582
General government	9 710 155	7 052 414	8 070 58 ⁷
Constal asymptot	0 740 466	7 052 114	0 070 500
General government	8 710 155	7 052 /1/	8 070 F94
General government	8.712.155	7.953.414	8.070.582
General government	8,712,155	7,953,414	8,070,582
General government	8,712,155	7,953,414	8,070,582
Protection services	1,160,855	880,241	903,158
Protection services	1,160,855	880,241	903,158
Transportation services	18 712 110	18 437 951	18 413 044
Transportation services	18,712,110	18,437,951	18,413,044
I ransportation services			
•			
•			
•			
Health services	23,993,987	29,201,352	24,023,177
Social and family services	59 243 960	59 002 857	56 297 084
Social and family services	59,243,960	59,002,857	56,297,084
Social housing	15 564 324	16 033 163	15 789 023
Recreation and cultural services	343,613	1,566,870	325,013
Planning and development	2,632,051	2,407,802	2,635,014
	2,632,051	2,407,802	
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	-	107,86
Eese on disposal of langible supilar assets			107,000
Total expenditures	130,363,055	135,483,650	126,563,960
Surplus before undernoted	11,292,639	9,736,939	17,553,988
Surplus before undernoted	11,292,639	9,736,939	17,553,980
Gain on restructuring of Opeongo Non-Profit			
Community Residential Development Inc. (note 15)	-	-	790,657
Annual surplus	11,292,639	9,736,939	18,344,64
Community Residential Development Inc. (note 15)	- 11,292,639	9,736,93	- 9
cumulated surplus, beginning of year	324,482,055	324,482,055	306,137,410
	02-1,-102,000	021,102,000	000,107,410

Consolidated Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative figures for 2020

Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 23,760,727	\$ 32,551,096	29,778,988
Net financial assets, beginning of year	29,778,988	29,778,988	24,220,569
Increase (decrease) in net financial assets	(6,018,261)	2,772,108	5,558,419
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	-	(72,944)	510,222
Increase in inventory	-	(63,568)	(4,050)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets under construction	-	(2,514,963)	(11,235,846)
Proceeds on sale of tangible capital assets	-	66,651	10,563
Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets	-	(12,298)	107,865
Donated tangible capital assets under construction	-	(364,900)	(611,101)
Transfer of tangible capital assets related to restructuring	-	-	(428,237)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(31,507,212)	(18,183,070)	(15,005,594)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	14,196,312	14,180,261	13,869,952
Annual surplus	\$ 11,292,639	\$ 9,736,939	\$ 18,344,645
	(note 13)	/ lotuur	/ lotual
	Budget	Actual	Actual
	2021	2021	2020

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative figures for 2020

PERATIONS Annual surplus Non-cash charges to operations: Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets Donated tangible capital assets Uses: Increase in other accounts receivable Increase in recoverable from Federal Government Increase in recoverable from Municipalities	\$ 9,736,939 14,180,261 (12,298) (364,900) - - (132,197)	\$ 18,344,645 13,869,952 107,865 (611,101
Non-cash charges to operations: Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets Donated tangible capital assets Uses: Increase in other accounts receivable Increase in recoverable from Federal Government Increase in recoverable from Municipalities	\$ 14,180,261 (12,298) (364,900)	\$ 13,869,952 107,865
Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets Donated tangible capital assets Uses: Increase in other accounts receivable Increase in recoverable from Federal Government Increase in recoverable from Municipalities	(12,298) (364,900)	107,865
Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets Donated tangible capital assets Uses: Increase in other accounts receivable Increase in recoverable from Federal Government Increase in recoverable from Municipalities	(12,298) (364,900)	107,865
Donated tangible capital assets Uses: Increase in other accounts receivable Increase in recoverable from Federal Government Increase in recoverable from Municipalities	(364,900)	-
Uses: Increase in other accounts receivable Increase in recoverable from Federal Government Increase in recoverable from Municipalities	-	(611,101
Increase in other accounts receivable Increase in recoverable from Federal Government Increase in recoverable from Municipalities	- (132,197)	
Increase in recoverable from Federal Government Increase in recoverable from Municipalities	- (132,197)	
Increase in recoverable from Municipalities	(132,197)	(912,523
·		(281,200
	(283,243)	-
Increase in inventory	(63,568)	(4,050
Increase in prepaid expenses	(72,944)	-
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(863,664)	-
Decrease in accrued interest on long-term debt	(11,471)	(11,791
Decrease in deferred revenue – obligatory reserve fund	-	(1,479,467
Total Uses	(1,427,087)	(2,689,031
Sources:		
Decrease in other accounts receivable	687,553	-
Decrease in prepaid expenses	-	510,222
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	8,382,326
Increase in deferred revenue – obligatory reserve fund	2,768,580	
Increase in deferred revenue	80,290	34,766
Increase in post-employment liabilities	4,589,921	684,297
Total Sources	8,126,344	9,611,611
Increase in Cash from Operations	30,239,259	38,633,941
APITAL		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(18,183,070)	(15,433,831
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	66,651	10,563
Additions to tangible capital assets under construction	(2,514,963)	(11,235,846
Total Capital	(20,631,382)	(26,659,114
VESTING		
Decrease in investments	1,004,504	5,691
Total Investing	1,004,504	5,691
NANCING		
Advances (repayments) on temporary construction loan	(4,684,900)	2,284,900
Long-term liabilities paid	(1,720,892)	(1,340,936
Long-term liability issued	4,684,900	
Long-term liabilities received on restructuring	-	424,863
Total Financing	(1,720,892)	1,368,827
crease in cash	8,891,489	13,349,345
ash, beginning of year	62,609,752	49,260,407
ash, end of year	\$ 71,501,241	\$ 62,609,752

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2021

The Corporation of the County of Renfrew is an upper tier municipality in the Province of Ontario, Canada. The provisions of provincial statutes such as the Municipal Act and related legislation guide its operations.

1. Accounting Policies

The consolidated financial statements of The Corporation of the County of Renfrew are the representation of management and are prepared in accordance with Canadian Public Sector accounting standards for local governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Corporation are as follows:

(a) (i) Basis of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, operating revenues and expenditures, reserves, and changes in investment in tangible capital assets and include the activities of all committees of Council.

The Renfrew County Housing Corporation has been consolidated.

All inter-fund assets and liabilities and sources of revenues and expenditures have been eliminated.

(ii) Trust Funds

Trust funds and their related operations administered by The Corporation of the County of Renfrew are not consolidated, but are reported separately on the "Trust Fund Statements of Financial Position, Financial Activities and Changes in Fund Balance".

(b) Basis of Accounting

(i) Accrual Basis of Accounting

Revenue and expenditures are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they are earned and measurable; expenditures are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

(ii) Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year, and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the change in net financial assets for the year.

(iii) Cash

Cash is defined as cash on hand and cash on deposit, net of outstanding cheques at the reporting date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Basis of Accounting (continued)

(iv) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Estimated useful lit		
Land improvements	20 to 25 years		
Buildings	25 to 60 years		
Machinery and equipment	5 to 25 years		
Vehicles	4 to 20 years		
Linear assets	15 to 99 years		

Leasehold improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over the current lease term plus one subsequent lease term.

Construction in progress comprises capital assets under construction, not yet placed into service and pre-construction activities related to specific projects expected to be constructed. Amortization is not recorded on assets under construction.

The Corporation of the County of Renfrew has a capitalization threshold so that individual capital assets of lesser value are expensed.

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at their fair value at the date of receipt, and that fair value is also recorded as revenue. Similarly, transfers of assets to third parties are recorded as an expense equal to the net book value of the asset as of the date of the transfer.

(v) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are reported net of any allowance for doubtful accounts.

(vi) Inventory and prepaid expenses

Inventory and prepaid expenses held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost or replacement value.

(vii) Deferred Revenue – Obligatory Reserve Fund

The Corporation receives restricted contributions under the authority of federal and provincial legislation. These funds by their nature are restricted in their use and until applied to applicable costs are recorded as deferred revenue. Amounts applied to qualifying expenses are recorded as revenue in the fiscal period they are expended.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Basis of Accounting (continued)

(viii) Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenues represent user charges and fees which have been collected but for which the related services have yet to be performed. These amounts will be recognized as revenues in the fiscal year the related expenditures are incurred or services performed.

(ix) Employee Benefit Plan

The contributions to a multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan are expensed when contributions are due.

The costs of post-employment benefits are recognized when the event that obligates the Corporation occurs. Costs include projected future income payments, health care continuation costs and fees paid to independent administrators of these plans, calculated on a present value basis.

(x) Use of Estimates

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions which affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures for the year. These estimates and assumptions, including such areas as post-employment benefits and useful lives of tangible capital assets, are based on the Corporation's best information and judgement and may differ significantly based on actual results.

(xi) Financial Instruments

The Corporation has classified its cash and investments as held for trading and they are stated at fair value. Accounts receivable are classified as loans and receivables, which are measured at amortized cost. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deferred revenue, long-term liabilities, accrued interest on long-term liabilities and post-employment benefit liabilities are classified as other liabilities which are measured at cost.

(xii) Government Transfers

Government transfers are recognized in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

(xiii) Liabilities for Contaminated Sites

The liability for remediation of contaminated sites will be recognized when an environmental standard exists, the contamination exceeds the environmental standard, the Corporation is directly responsible for remediation of the contaminated site, and a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Basis of Accounting (continued)

(xiv) Restructuring:

PS 3430 defines a restructuring transaction and establishes standards for recognizing and measuring assets and liabilities transferred in a restructuring transaction. The main features of PS 3430 are as follows:

- A restructuring transaction is a transfer of an integrated set of assets and/or liabilities, together with related program or operating responsibilities without consideration based primarily on the fair value of the individual assets and individual liabilities transferred;
- The net effect of a restructuring transaction should be presented as a separate revenue or an expense item in the consolidated statement of operations;
- A recipient should recognize individual assets and liabilities received in a restructuring transaction at their carrying amount with applicable adjustments at the restructuring date;
- A transferor and a recipient should not restate their financial position or results of operations; and
- A transferor and a recipient should disclose sufficient information to enable users to assess the nature and financial effects of a restructuring transaction on their financial position and operations.

2. Trust Funds

Trust funds administered by The Corporation of the County of Renfrew amounting to \$160,628 (2020 - \$143,798) have not been included in the "Consolidated Statement of Financial Position" nor have their operations been included in the "Consolidated Statement of Operations".

3. Pension Agreement

The Corporation of the County of Renfrew, on behalf of its eligible employees, is a participant in the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS). OMERS is a defined benefit pension plan, fully funded by equal contributions from participating employers and employees, and by the investment earnings of the OMERS Fund. OMERS pensions are calculated using a defined benefit formula, taking into account length of service and average annual wage that is designed to integrate with the pension payable from the Canada Pension Plan.

Because OMERS is a multi-employer plan, the County of Renfrew does not recognize any share of the plan deficit of \$69 million (2020 - \$7.655 billion) based on the total fair market value of the plan's assets, as this is a joint responsibility of all Ontario municipalities and their employees.

The amount contributed to OMERS for 2021 was \$3,409,791 (2020 - \$3,323,909) for current service and is included as an expenditure on the Consolidated Statement of Operations. At December 31, 2021 there is no liability for past service under this agreement.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

4. Investments

Investments are stated at cost plus accrued interest and are comprised of the following:

	2021	202
B2B Bank GIC (December 5/22 - 2.87%)	\$ 100,213	\$ 100,21
Bank of Montreal GIC (September 20/21 - 1.75%)	-	502,46
Bank of Montreal GIC (November 6/23 - 3.51%)	1,005,385	1,005,38
Bank of Montreal GIC (May 8/24 - 2.63%)	1,017,149	1,017,14
Bank of Montreal GIC (October 15/24 - 2.31%)	1,004,936	1,004,93
Bank of Montreal GIC (May 7/25 - 2.11%)	1,013,816	1,013,81
BMO Trust GIC (September 22/21 - 0.81%)	-	902,01
Canadian Tire Bank GIC (December 5/22 - 2.91%)	100,215	100,21
CDN Western Bank GIC (May 8/24 - 2.9%)	1,018,910	1,018,91
Concentra Bank GIC (December 5/22 - 2.9%)	100,215	100,21
Equitable Bank GIC (September 20/21 - 1.85%)	-	100,52
Equitable Bank GIC (November 24/22 - 1.45%)	100,147	
Equitable Bank GIC (September 23/26 - 2.15%)	100,589	
Equitable Trust GIC (November 24/22 - 1.45%)	100,147	
Equitable Trust GIC (September 23/26 - 2.15%)	100,589	
Home Equity Bank GIC (September 23/26 - 2.15%)	100,589	
Home Trust GIC (September 22/21 - 1.05%)	-	100,29
Home Trust GIC (November 24/21 - 1.06%)	-	100,10
Home Trust GIC (September 23/26 - 2.15%)	100,589	
Laurentian Bank GIC (September 20/21 - 1.86%)	-	100,52
Laurentian Bank GIC (November 24/21 - 1.05%)	-	100,10
LBC Trust GIC (December 5/22 - 2.87%)	100,212	100,21
Manulife Bank GIC (September 19/22 - 2.65%)	503,775	503,77
Manulife Bank GIC (September 23/26 - 1.75%)	602,877	
Montreal Trust GIC (June 8/21 - 2.00%)	-	404,53
President's Choice Bank GIC (September 20/21 - 1.76%)	-	100,49
President's Choice Bank GIC (September 23/26 - 1.95%)	100,534	
RFA Bank of Canada GIC (September 23/26 - 1.85%)	100,507	
	\$ 7,371,394	\$ 8,375,8

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

5. Temporary Construction Loan

During 2018 the Corporation established a temporary construction loan from Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation (OILC) to finance the rehabilitation of Madawaska River Bridge. The construction loan has been authorized to a maximum of \$6 million with a floating interest rate throughout the term of the loan until it is replaced by a debenture.

On May 26, 2021, the Corporation converted the temporary construction loan to a 2.08% Amortizing Debenture in the amount of \$4,684,900 with a maturity date of June 15, 2031 and semi-annual payments of \$260,662, including interest.

6. Deferred Revenue - Obligatory Reserve Fund

A requirement of the public sector accounting standards of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada is that obligatory reserve funds be reported as deferred revenue. This requirement is in place as federal and provincial legislation restricts how these funds may be used. The balance in the obligatory reserve fund is summarized below:

	2021	2020
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,873,577	\$ 3,353,044
Revenue		
Canada Community-Building Fund/Federal gasoline tax	5,478,416	2,671,773
Safe restart funding	713,334	2,780,100
Interest	10,629	-
Utilization		
Transfer for capital	(2,892,224)	(6,024,817)
Transfer for operations	(541,575)	(906,523)
Balance, end of year	\$ 4,642,157	\$ 1,873,577
Obligatory Reserve Fund balance:		
Canada Community-Building Fund	\$ 2,695,828	\$ -
Safe restart funding	1,946,329	1,873,577
Balance, end of year	\$ 4,642,157	\$ 1,873,577

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

7. Long-Term Liabilities

The balance of the long-term liabilities reported on the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position is made up of long-term liabilities incurred by the Corporation and are outstanding at the end of the year:

	2021	2020
Long-term debt issued by the Corporation bearing interest at 5.656%,		
payable \$313,405 on April 4 th and October 4 th of each year, including		
principal and interest. Maturing October 4, 2024 \$	1,707,496	\$ 2,216,056
3.01% Debenture, payable \$197,926 semi-annually, including principal		
and interest, maturing February 1, 2032	3,541,084	3,823,949
3.08% Debenture, payable \$219,284 semi-annually, including principal		
and interest, maturing April 16, 2028	2,565,662	2,917,069
1.96% Mortgage, payable \$4,480 monthly, including principal and interest,		
matured March 1, 2021	-	13,404
2.61% Mortgage, payable \$8,274 monthly, including principal and interest,		
maturing November 1, 2023	185,445	278,606
2.60% Mortgage, payable \$10,349 monthly, including principal and interest,		
maturing June 1, 2028	742,306	845,844
2.52% Mortgage, payable\$13,740 monthly, including principal and interest,		
maturing August 1, 2023	268,845	424,863
2.08% Debenture, payable \$260,662 semi-annually, including principal		
and interest, maturing June 15, 2031	4,472,961	-
\$	13,483,799	\$ 10,519,791

Principal repayments relating to the long-term liabilities of \$13,483,799 outstanding as at December 31, 2021 are due as follows:

2022	\$ 1,983,822
2023	1,989,667
2024	1,856,303
2025	1,288,770
2026	1,323,341
Thereafter	 5,041,896
	\$ 13,483,799

The 2.61% mortgage is secured by a first charge on the land and building located at 200 Caruso Street, Arnprior with a carrying value of \$835,345.

The 2.60% mortgage is secured by a first charge on the land and building located at 26 Spruce Street, Arnprior with a carrying value of \$1,198,389.

The 2.52% mortgage is secured by a first charge on the land and building located at 224 Vimy Blvd, Renfrew with a carrying value of \$416,471.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

8. Post-Employment Benefits

	2021	2020
Post-employment benefits are summarized as follows:		
Sick leave benefits	\$ 935,291	\$ 918,794
Workplace Safety and Insurance Board obligations	11,073,276	6,499,852
	\$ 12,008,567	\$ 7,418,646

(a) Under the sick leave benefit plan, unused sick leave can accumulate and employees may become entitled to a cash payment when they leave the municipality's employment.

The liability for these accumulated days, to the extent that they have vested and could be taken in cash by an employee on termination, amounted to \$935,291 (2020 – \$918,794) at the end of the year.

(b) The County of Renfrew is a Schedule 2 employer under the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board Act and, as such, has assumed the liability for any costs awarded under the Workplace Safety and Insurance Board Act. An independent actuarial evaluation undertaken in 2021 determined that the liability for present and future awards is \$ 11,073,276 as at December 31, 2021.

Actuarial gains and losses are expensed immediately in the fiscal year that they arise.

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in estimating the Corporation's accrued benefit obligation for WSIB claims include a discount rate of 2.75% and an inflation rate of 2.5%.

Information with respect to the Corporation's Workplace Safety and Insurance Board future payments is as follow:

	2021	2020
Accrued benefit liability, beginning of year	\$ 6,499,852	\$ 5,760,667
Expense recognized for the period	2,267,079	2,190,317
Benefits paid for the period	(1,487,175)	(1,451,132)
Actuarial loss recognized	3,793,520	-
Accrued benefit liability, end of year	\$ 11,073,276	\$ 6,499,852

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

9. Tangible Capital Assets

(a) Tangible capital assets by functional classification:

									Social						
		General		Protection	Transportation		Health		and Family		Social	F	Planning and		
		Government		Services	Services		Services		Services		Housing		Development	2021	202
Cost	•	~~~~~~	•		• • • • • • • • • • • •	•		•		•		•		• - • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • •
Balance, beginning of year	\$	29,885,395	\$	289,190	\$ 361,992,326	\$	7,189,670	\$	61,163,734	\$	40,241,654	\$	1,225,340	\$ 501,987,309	\$ 491,350,25
Additions during the year		5,127,399		-	9,717,764		1,353,358		1,078,169		1,242,860		28,420	18,547,970	15,433,83
Disposals during the year		(82,539)		(178,114)	(2,513,666)		-		(324,294)		(81,372)		-	(3,179,985)	(4,796,775
Balance, end of year	\$	34,930,255	\$	111,076	\$ 369,196,424	\$	8,543,028	\$	61,917,609	\$	41,403,142	\$	1,253,760	\$ 517,355,294	\$ 501,987,30
Accumulated amortization															
Balance, beginning of year	\$	(9,327,248)	\$	(277,952)	\$ (227,487,741)	\$	(4,586,933)	\$	(24,593,684)	\$	(24,819,871)	\$	(674,752)	\$ (291,768,181)	\$(282,576,578
Amortization during the year		(668,052)		(6,000)	(9,688,279)		(1,132,300)		(1,477,489)		(1,184,025)		(24,116)	(14,180,261)	(13,869,95
Accumulated amortization		(,,		(-,,	(-,,,		(, - ,,		(), , ,		() -))		() -)	(,, - ,	(- , ,
on disposals		65,959		178,114	2,501,449		-		324,294		55,816		-	3,125,632	4,678,34
Balance, end of year	\$	(9,929,341)	\$	(105,838)	\$ (234,674,571)	\$	(5,719,233)	\$	(25,746,879)	\$	(25,948,080)	\$	(698,868)	\$ (302,822,810)	\$(291,768,181
Net book value of tangible															
capital assets	\$	25,000,914	\$	5,238	\$ 134,521,853	\$	2,823,795	\$	36,170,730	\$	15,455,062	\$	554,892	\$ 214,532,484	\$ 210,219,12
Construction in progress	\$	15,506	\$	-	\$ 34,909,627	\$	_	\$	24,041	\$	815.699	\$	50,207,899	\$ 85,972,772	\$ 83,457,80

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

9. Tangible Capital Assets (continued)

(b) Tangible capital assets by asset class:

								Machinery								
				Land				and		Leasehold			Linear			
		Land	In	nprovements		Buildings		Equipment	In	nprovements		Vehicles	Assets	2021		2020
Cost																
Balance, beginning of year	\$	6,312,883	\$	5,511,008	\$	113,853,034	\$	11,839,586	\$	543,901	\$	15,944,152	\$ 347,982,745	\$ 501,987,309	\$ 491,350	0,25
Additions during the year		31,326		301,154		6,474,398		1,157,263		249,120		1,339,431	8,995,278	18,547,970	15,433	3,83 [,]
Disposals during the year		-		-		(140,558)		(219,539)		(333,748)		(633,779)	(1,852,361)	(3,179,985)	(4,796	ô,778
Balance, end of year	\$	6,344,209	\$	5,812,162	\$	120,186,874	\$	12,777,310	\$	459,273	\$	16,649,804	\$ 355,125,662	\$ 517,355,294	\$ 501,987	7,309
Accumulated amortization																
Balance, beginning of year	\$	-	\$	(2,825,787)	\$	(51,109,994)	\$	(8,427,289)	\$	(433,754)	\$	(9,577,415)	\$ (219,393,942)	\$ (291,768,181)	\$(282,576	3,578
Amortization during the year Accumulated amortization		-		(184,330)		(2,715,906)		(615,490)		(5,448)		(1,733,744)	(8,925,343)	(14,180,261)	(13,869	9,952
on disposals		-		-		136,348		171,601		333,748		631,574	1,852,361	3,125,632	4,678	8,349
Balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	(3,010,117)	\$	(53,689,552)	\$	(8,871,178)	\$	(105,454)	\$	(10,679,585)	\$ (226,466,924)	\$ (302,822,810)	\$ (291,768	8,181
Net book value of tangible capital assets	\$	6,344,209	\$	2,802,045	\$	66,497,322	¢	3,906,132	¢	353,819	¢	5,970,219	\$ 128,658,738	\$ 214,532,484	\$ 210,219	0 1 29
	φ	0,044,209	φ	2,002,043	φ	00,497,322	φ	5,500,152	φ	555,019	φ	5,510,219	φ 120,000,700	ψ 214,332,404	ψ 210,213	5,120
Construction in progress	\$	-	\$	15,506	\$	839,740	\$	-	\$	12,211	\$	-	\$ 85,105,315	\$ 85,972,772	\$ 83,457	7,809

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

10. Accumulated Surplus

	2021	2020
Accumulated surplus comprised of:		
Reserves - current	\$ 7,143,027	\$ 6,892,869
Reserves - capital	52,281,145	47,089,985
Invested in tangible capital assets	300,505,256	293,676,937
Unfunded		
Capital	(218,068)	(5,239,299)
Post-employment benefits	(12,008,567)	(7,418,646)
Long-term liabilities	(13,483,799)	(10,519,791)
Accumulated Surplus	\$ 334,218,994	\$ 324,482,055

11. Commitments

(a) Under the terms of various operating lease agreements, future minimum payments over the next four years are as follows:

2022		57,246
2023		57,751
2024		58,266
2025		24,000
	<u>\$</u>	197,263

(b) The Renfrew County Housing Corporation has entered into a long-term service agreement with the Ontario Clean Water Agency that ends February 2025.

Future minimum payments are as follows:

2022	48,306
2023	48,306
2024	48,306
2025	8,051
	\$ 152,969

(c) On April 28, 2016 County Council passed a By-Law to enter into a significant Asset Donation Agreement with Canadian Pacific Railway Company. The County of Renfrew and its partners, the County of Lanark and Township of Papineau-Cameron will be acquiring 296 km of the CP Rail Corridor over a three year period beginning in October 2016. The County of Renfrew will be responsible for a cash payment of \$360,300 and a donation tax receipt for \$55,624,583. Furthermore, it is anticipated that this transaction will cost a further \$164,000 in legal, survey and closing costs.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

11. Commitments (continued)

This acquisition is recorded as a tangible capital asset - construction in progress on the consolidated statement of financial position. It is anticipated that the remaining amount under this commitment will be transferred in 2022.

12. Contingencies

At December 31, 2021 the Corporation of the County of Renfrew is defending itself with respect to legal actions for damages.

The impact of these actions on the consolidated financial statements is not determinable as at the date of the auditors' report. Neither the possible outcome nor the amount of possible settlement, if any, can be foreseen. Therefore, no provision has been made in the consolidated financial statements.

In the event that any amount is payable, it will be recorded as an expenditure in the year it is disbursed.

13. Budget Figures

The operating budget approved by County Council for 2021 is reflected on the consolidated statement of operations. Budget figures have not been audited and are presented for information purposes only. The budgets established for capital investment in tangible capital assets are on a project-oriented basis, the costs of which may be carried out over one or more years and, therefore, may not be comparable with current year's actual expenditure amounts. Budget figures have been reclassified for the purposes of these consolidated financial statements to comply with Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) reporting requirements.

14. Uncertainty due to COVID-19

In March 2020 the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic due to the novel coronavirus (COVID-19). The situation is constantly evolving, and the measures put in place are having multiple impacts on local, provincial, national and global economies. The overall effect of these events on the Corporation of the County of Renfrew and its operations is too uncertain to be estimated at this time. The impacts will be accounted for when they are known and may be assessed.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

15. Restructuring of Opeongo Non-Profit Community Residential Development Inc.:

The Renfrew County Housing Corporation (RCHC) and Opeongo Non-Profit Community Residential Development Inc. (Opeongo) underwent a restructuring transaction on December 31, 2020. Opeongo ceased to provide low-income housing under the Housing Services Act, 2011, and transferred all assets, liabilities, and tenants to RCHC. As a result of the restructuring the Corporation of the County of Renfrew has recognized in its Consolidated Statement of Financial Position at December 31, 2020 a receivable from Opeongo of \$975,433; land with a carrying value of \$110,357; buildings with a carrying value of \$317,880; accrued liabilities of \$11,000; and long-term liability of \$424,863.

Following is a reconciliation of the assets and liabilities transferred on December 31, 2020 that resulted in the restructuring gain of \$790,657 on the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus:

lestructuring gain	\$ 790,657
Payable to Renfrew County Housing Corporation	(177,150
Long-term debt	(424,863
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(11,00
Tangible capital assets	428,23
being cash and investments	\$ 975,43
Accounts receivable from Opeongo	

The County of Renfrew is the sole shareholder of Renfrew County Housing Corporation and the service manager designated for both Opeongo and RCHC under the Housing Services Act 2011.

16. Financial instruments

(a) Fair value:

The carrying values of cash, investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, temporary construction loans, deferred revenue and accrued interest on long-term liabilities approximate the fair value due to their short-term nature.

The carrying value of the long-term liabilities is considered to be its fair value because the interest rate approximates the market rate that would be available to the Corporation for the same or similar instruments at December 31, 2021.

(b) Interest rate risk:

The long-term liabilities bear interest at fixed interest rates. Consequently, the long-term debt risk exposure is minimal.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

16. Financial instruments (continued)

(c) Credit risk:

The Corporation provides credit to other agencies and to its tenants during the normal course of operations. The Corporation determines on a continuing basis, the probable losses and records a provision for losses based upon the stated realizable value. Concentration of credit risk with respect to accounts receivable is limited due to the number of other agencies and tenants involved. The Corporation does not run any significant risk with respect to a single account receivable.

It is the Management's opinion that the Corporation is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from its financial instruments.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

17. Segmented Information

The Corporation of the County of Renfrew is a municipal government organization that provides a range of services to its residents. County services are reported by function and their activities are separately disclosed in the segmented information.

For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. Certain allocation methodologies are employed in the preparation of segmented financial information. Taxation, payments-in-lieu of taxes and certain unconditional government transfers are apportioned based on each segment's net requirements.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

General Government

General government consists of the activities of Council and general financial and administrative management of The Corporation of the County of Renfrew and its programs and services.

Protection Services

Protection services include emergency measures and provincial offences operation for The Corporation of the County of Renfrew.

Transportation Services

The activities of the transportation function include construction and maintenance of The Corporation of the County of Renfrew's roads and bridges.

Health Services

The health services function consists of land ambulance services and contributions to the local Health Unit.

Social and Family Services

The social and family services consist of general assistance to inhabitants, homes of the aged and child care services.

Social Housing

The social housing services provides affordable housing to qualified inhabitants of The Corporation of the County of Renfrew.

Recreation and cultural services

Recreation services includes the trail development activities for The Corporation of the County of Renfrew.

Planning and Development

The planning and development services function manages commercial, industrial and residential development within The Corporation of the County of Renfrew.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

17. Segmented Information (continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	General	Protection	Transportation	Health	Social and	Social	Recreation &	Planning and	
	Government	Services	Services	Services	Family Services	Housing	Cultural	Development	Consolidated
Revenues									
Levies on area municipalities	\$17,671,993	\$ (457,580)	\$ 8,419,449	\$ 12,911,899	\$ 4,294,579 \$	6 4,944,870	\$ 290,656	\$ 1,724,233	\$ 49,800,099
Other municipal revenue	4,133	113,893	21,334	1,587,609	1,631,298	554,930	-	15,320	3,928,517
User fees and service charges	986,876	-	288,796	1,600,468	9,209,002	4,834,354	40,376	568,966	17,528,838
Government grants	280,240	226,746	4,229,094	14,283,143	44,869,693	6,786,013	511,114	328,168	71,514,211
Investment income	653,476	-	-	113,499	-	47,368	-	-	814,343
Gain (loss) on disposal of tangible									
capital assets	37,854	-	-	-	-	(25,556)	-	-	12,298
Donation, fines and other	1,623	1,192,131	364,900	16,034	7,595	-	40,000	-	1,622,283
	19,636,195	1,075,190	13,323,573	30,512,652	60,012,167	17,141,979	882,146	2,636,687	145,220,589
Expenditures									
Salaries, wages and benefits	3,702,083	403,996	3,627,380	22,415,533	30,793,273	2,190,215	68,122	1,856,618	65,057,220
Interest on long-term debt	247,410	-	-	-	111,295	34,746	-	-	393,451
Materials	1,020,365	279,448	4,059,810	3,116,237	7,407,911	10,046,004	1,437,068	484,348	27,851,191
Contracted services	1,955,403	190,797	998,477	726,307	9,700,913	1,717,869	61,680	42,720	15,394,166
Rents and financial expense	360,101	-	64,005	77,686	54,136	860,304	-	-	1,416,232
Transfer payments	-	-	-	1,733,289	9,457,840	-	-	-	11,191,129
Amortization of tangible capital assets	668,052	6,000	9,688,279	1,132,300	1,477,489	1,184,025	-	24,116	14,180,261
	7,953,414	880,241	18,437,951	29,201,352	59,002,857	16,033,163	1,566,870	2,407,802	135,483,650
Annual surplus	\$11,682,781	\$ 194,949	\$ (5,114,378)	\$ 1,311,300	\$ 1,009,310 \$	5 1,108,816	\$ (684,724)) \$ 228,885	\$ 9,736,939

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, continued

Year ended December 31, 2021

18. Segmented Information (continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General	Protection	Transportation	Health	Social and	Social	Recreation &	Planning and	
	Government	Services	Services	Services	Family Services	Housing	Cultural	Development	Consolidated
Revenues									
Levies on area municipalities	\$12,296,171	\$ (466,267)	\$ 15,617,614	\$ 9,596,062	\$ 4,272,133 \$	4,801,896	\$ 280,704	\$ 1,627,708	\$ 48,026,021
Other municipal revenue	-	105,585	-	1,148,852	1,640,307	612,985	-	56,000	3,563,729
User fees and service charges	1,312,376	-	710,039	1,696,080	9,435,351	5,013,659	44,309	407,777	18,619,591
Government grants	308,079	462,459	7,454,335	12,977,105	43,427,326	6,306,939	-	565,408	71,501,651
Investment income	732,750	-	-	39,317	62,895	49,790	-	-	884,752
Donation, fines and other	2,504	889,899	-	18,700	-	-	-	611,101	1,522,204
Gain on restructuring (note 15)	-	-	-	-	-	790,657	-	-	790,657
	14,651,880	991,676	23,781,988	25,476,116	58,838,012	17,575,926	325,013	3,267,994	144,908,605
Expenditures									
Salaries, wages and benefits	3,271,833	353,574	3,992,719	17,910,244	30,081,676	2,221,908	58,479	1,821,170	59,711,603
Interest on long-term debt	213,536	-	-	-	139,261	45,754	-	-	398,551
Materials	1,575,461	263,822	4,129,577	2,600,533	6,847,704	9,621,745	266,534	766,567	26,071,943
Contracted services	2,122,979	175,420	690,811	721,307	6,426,693	1,626,807	-	24,264	11,788,281
Rents and financial expense	222,481	103,925	92,115	50,421	151,972	1,173,893	-	-	1,794,807
Transfer payments	-	-	-	1,598,003	11,222,955	-	-	-	12,820,958
Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible									
capital assets	-	-	129,396	(13,967)	-	(7,564)	-	-	107,865
Amortization of tangible capital assets	664,292	6,417	9,507,822	1,142,669	1,426,823	1,098,916	-	23,013	13,869,952
	8,070,582	903,158	18,542,440	24,009,210	56,297,084	15,781,459	325,013	2,635,014	126,563,960
Annual surplus	\$ 6,581,298	\$ 88,518	\$ 5,239,548	\$ 1,466,906	\$ 2,540,928 \$	5 1,794,467	\$-	\$ 632,980	\$ 18,344,645



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of The Corporation of the County of Renfrew

Opinion

We have audited the trust fund financial statements of The Corporation of the County of Renfrew (the Corporation), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and the statement of financial activities and change in fund balance for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying trust fund financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the trust fund of The Corporation of the County of Renfrew as at December 31, 2021, and the results of its financial activities and change in fund balances for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Trust Fund Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of The Corporation of the County of Renfrew in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the trust fund financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Trust Fund Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the trust fund financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the trust fund financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Corporation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Corporation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Trust Fund Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the trust fund financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the trust fund financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Corporation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the trust fund financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the trust fund financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Scott Rovien Black + Locke

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Pembroke, Ontario June 29, 2022

Trust Fund Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2021, with comparative figures for 2020

	2021	2020
Financial Assets Cash	\$ 160,628	\$ 143,798
	\$ 160,628	\$ 143,798
Fund Balance Residents' equity	\$ 160,628	\$ 143,798
	\$ 160,628	\$ 143,798

Trust Fund Statement of Financial Activities And Change in Fund Balance

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative figures for 2020

	2021	2020
Revenue: Deposits from residents	\$ 629,560	\$ 575,033
Expenditure:		
Payment for maintenance, withdrawals by residents and estate payments	612,730	559,058
Change in Financial Assets	16,830	15,975
Fund Balance at The Beginning of The Year	143,798	127,823
Fund Balance at The End of The Year	\$ 160,628	\$ 143,798

The accompanying note is an integral part of these financial statements.

Trust Fund

Note to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2021

These financial statements reflect the financial activity and financial position of funds held in trust by The Corporation of the County of Renfrew for residents of Bonnechere Manor and Miramichi Lodge.

1. Significant accounting policies:

(a) Financial instruments:

The Corporation of the County of Renfrew adopted the accounting standards that were issued by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada, particularly Section 3855, Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement. This section establishes standards for recognizing and measuring financial assets and financial liabilities. All financial instruments must be classified as held for trading, available-for-sale, held to maturity, loans and receivables, or other financial liabilities. The Corporation has classified its cash as held for trading and is stated at fair value.

It is management's opinion that the Corporation is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from its financial instruments.